Tourism Data Space

Event 9 JUNE 2022

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SAVE THE DATE





Welcome & Opening



Francesco Bonfiglio
Chief Executive Officer
Gaia-X

Event Keynote Opening (Recording)



Carme Artigas Brugal
Secretary of State for Digitalisation and Al
National Ministry of Economic Affairs and Digital Transformation



European Commission perspective on a Tourism Data Ecosystem to accelerate the economy



Yvo Volman
Director for Data
DG CNECT

Keynote: Tourism innovation ecosystem (Recording)



Natalia Bayona
Director Innovation, Education, and Investments
UN World Tourism Organization



The European Regional Practice for Competitive and Sustainable Tourism.



Ms Ana Moniche Bermejo
Senior Analyst
Turismo Andaluz and NECSTouR Tourism of Tomorrow Lab
Cristina Núñez
Director
Necstour

Who we are and what we do



NECSTOUR MISSION

"Creating the right balance between the welfare of tourists and local population, the needs and uses of the natural and cultural environment and the development and competitiveness of a destinations and its businesses"

WE ARE

- Leading European Tourism Regions
- Tourism Policy Makers and Marketeers
- · Engaged in sustainable tourism development

WE ARE NOT

- Experts in Cohesion Policy
- Managing Authorities of ERDF
- Private Operators



Leading Regions to measure success differently





Data is a key driver to build resilience



Supporting our Members in building a better recovery



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Five 'S' for the Sustainable Tourism of Tomorrow





Green Deal

European





www.necstour.eu/coronavirus

We cannot manage what we cannot measure









MITOMED: Models of Integrated TOurism in the MEDiterranean







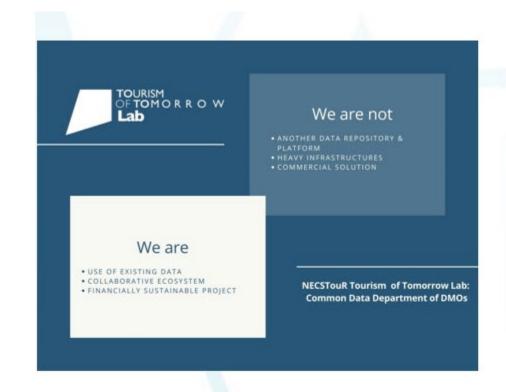
European Data Space's purpose for destinations



- Predictive data is vital for destinations & businesses decision: customer behaviour, bookings, benchmark, response
- Each source of data own features: mobile, credit card, booking platforms, GDS, Google analytics, review website
- Combination of traditional and non-traditional sources multiplies value of insights
- Respect of data protection regulation, privacy and ethics

Delivering cases of use through ToT Lab







Why regions are interested in a Tourism Data Space



• An efficient, transparent and fair data market

Seamless tourism experience

Integration of diverse data sources

An efficient, transparent and fair data market



- More exchange and use of data
- Setting common goals
- Privacy of tourists: code of conduct
- Incentives for data players to act
- Fair competition
- Reduce the gap between small and big players and DMOs

Seamless tourism experience



Travel and mobility

Interoperability of whole tourism value chain

Presentation of tourism assets to the demand

Integration of diverse data sources



• Fragmentation of data: a challenge for DMOs

- Policy decisions need clear definitions and methodologies:
 - Coherence with official statistics
 - Access to meaningful data
 - Integration with other sectors key for sustainability

Why Gaia-X is needed?



Normalisation

Interoperability and quality of data

overcome existent obstacles for a more extensive use of data



Thank you!

Contact

Spanish National hub of Gaia-X



Dolores Ordóñez Technical Director, AnySolution Vice-president, Spanish National Hub Gaia-X



Spanish National Hub of Gaia-X

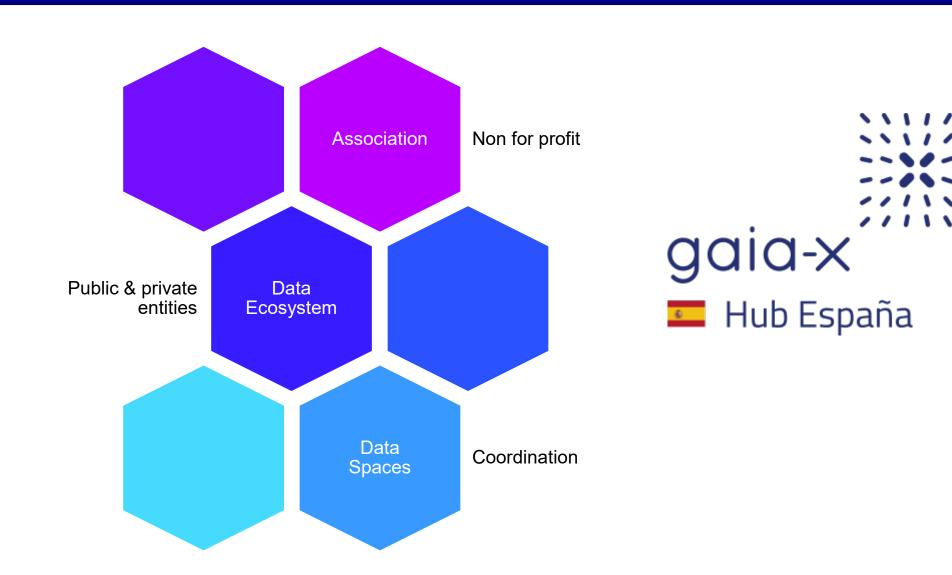




Talavera de la Reina, 18/03/2022

Spanish National Hub of Gaia-X





Aims



 Promote data economy by developing initiatives, infrastructures, services, tools and applications for the controlled, safe and federated data sharing

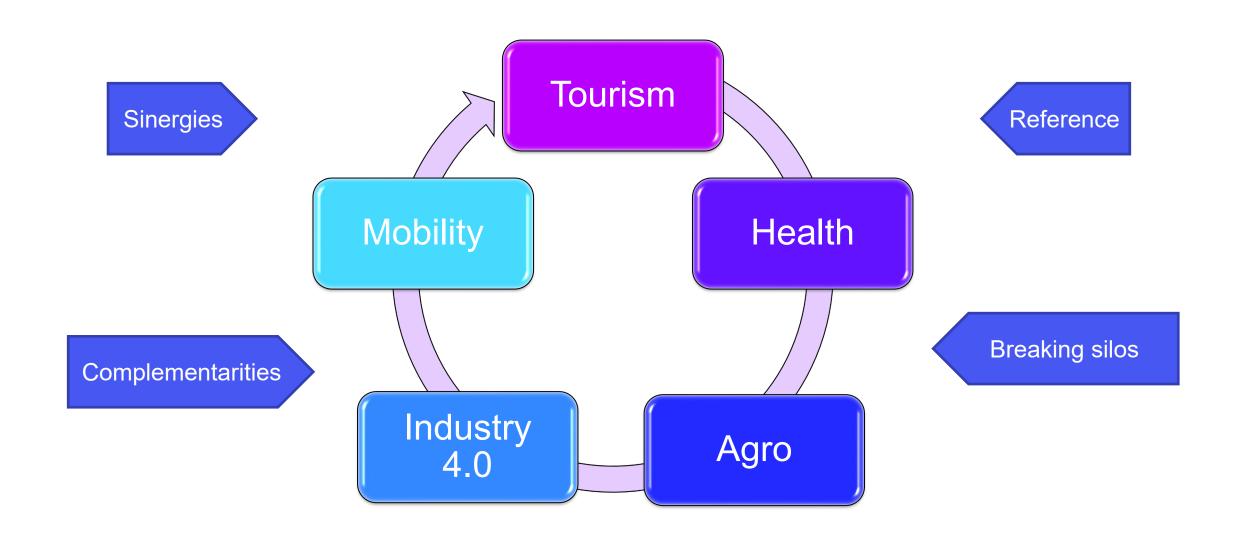
Increase the digital sovereignty of Spain becoming a reference in Data Spaces

Asamblea constituyente

 Bring together any initiative, project, activity related to data Spaces

Data Spaces









WHY TOURISM MATTERS?





Tourism in EU





Tourism Worldwide Economic Impact









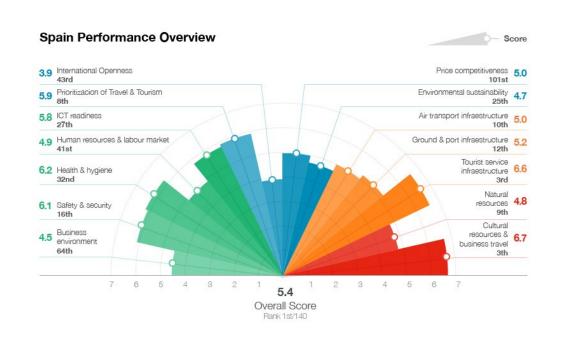




WHY SPAIN LEADING THE EUROPEAN TOURISM DATA SPACE?



Spain leads the world in tourism. Since 2015 it has placed first on the World Economic Forum (WEF) podium, which awards the most competitive countries in the tourism industry from among 140 economies.



key Indicators Source :World Tourism Organisation(UNWT	O) and World Travel&Tourism Council(WTTC).
International tourists arrivals	81,868,500
International tourism inbound receipts	US \$ 68,114.1 millones
Average receipts per arrival	US \$ 832.0
T&T Industry GDP (% of total)	US \$ 78,464.0 millones (5.4%)
T&T Industry Share (% GDP)	5.4
T&T Employment (% of total)	958.100 jobs (5.0%)
T&T Industry Share of Employment (% total employment)	5.0

Since 2017 it has broken the record in number of visitors: thanks to the more **than 83 million tourists arriving in Spain**, every year it is recognized as the second most visited country in the world, after France. The United States and China follow.

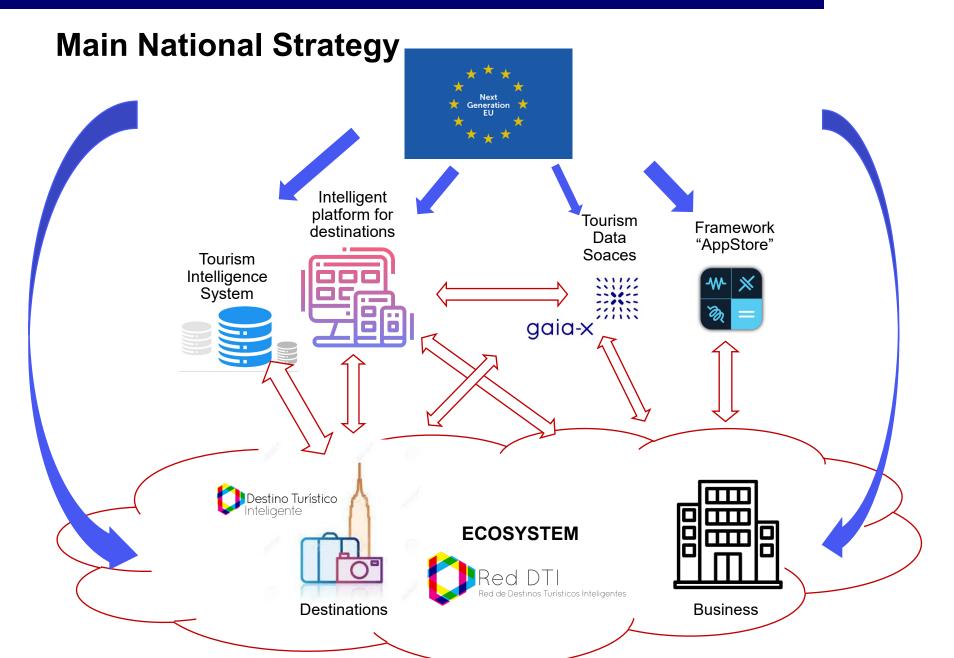
Spain's success in the tourism industry is due especially to its rich cultural and natural attractions, but also to its exceptional infrastructures, the quality of its transportation and hotel density. These are the three key points that the WEF considers essential to having a competitive advantage over other countries in tourism.













Identification of use cases

Organisation of events

Awareness and training

Link with any data initiative



Thank you!

Dolores Ordóñez: dom@anysolution.eu

Data sharing and transition of tourism





Kirsti Ala-Mutka and Misa Labarile European Commission DG GROW – Tourism

Transition pathway for tourism



- We built this together and must continue working together
- Tourism across EU policies
- Actions, objectives and conditions for accelerating green and digital transition and improving resilience for EU tourism
- Now calling stakeholders for co-implementation!



https://op.europa.eu/s/vNbN

Digital transition in tourism is more than just data



- Digitalisation of SMEs (99% of ecosystem actors!) -- work processes, service provision, connecting with clients
- Digital processes for destinations managing visitor flows, marketing, following impacts of tourism
- **Innovation** in service provision personalised services, enhanced experiences, more flexible service provision through new collaborations
- Facilitating data sharing between ecosystem actors legislative framework, technical interoperability, engagement of public and private actors
- Digital skills of actors basic skills, business innovation skills, specialist skills application in tourism

How can we address all these angles?



Upcoming: Together for EU Tourism (T4T)

- ✓ Communication and outreach
- ✓ Commitments by stakeholders
- ✓ Stakeholder working groups coordinated by DG GROW (a call for experts will soon be published)
- ✓ Integrated support platform for stakeholders
- ✓ Involvement of other EU institutions and services
- ✓ Yearly assessment or progress

This is the framework in which the data space for tourism will develop.

The Transition Pathway offers building blocks.

Data in the Transition Pathway (some extracts)



Topic 3: Improving statistics and indicators for tourism

- Revising harmonised data collection rules on tourism statistics to include elements on economic, social and environmental sustainability
- Improving access to data for producing official statistics
- Including key sustainability indicators on destination level to the harmonised tourism data collection framework
- Implementing the EU Tourism
 Dashboard to support follow-up of environmental, digital and socio-economic aspects of tourism on EU, national and regional levels

Topic 13: Promoting the use of the PEF and OEF methodology and the development of sectorial category rules for the tourism ecosystem

- Supporting the uptake of PEF/OEF methods in tourism industries to collect baseline data for sectoral category rules development
- Developing category rules for typical tourism products and services with considerations for different tourism contexts (e.g. remote locations)

Topic 9: Data-driven tourism services

 Stakeholder cooperation to agree on common practices (Code of Conduct) and to actively share tourism-related data in a European data space for tourism

Topic 15: R&I for digital tools and services in tourism

- Data-driven destination management models and mechanisms
- Innovative tourism services using advanced technologies (virtual reality, augmented reality, AI) and digitized cultural heritage

Topic 14: Technical implementation for tourism data space

 Stakeholders to implement a preparatory action for tourism data space

A EU data space for sustainable tourism



Our ambition is to set up a EU data space which:

- ✓ Facilitates the voluntary pooling and sharing of data
- ✓ Facilitates sharing and generation of both open and private data and public-private collaborations
- ✓ Is interoperable with other sectors' data spaces
- ✓ Is supported by the Pact for Skills

Data in tourism: different holders, sources, means of collection



NACE (rev.2)	Description
H49	Land transport and transport via pipeline
H50	Water transport
H51	Air transport
1	Accommodation and food service activities
N79	Travel agency, tour operator and other reservation service and related activities
N82	Office administrative, office support and other business support activities
R90- R92	Creative, arts and entertainment activities; libraries, archives, museums and other cultural activities; gambling and betting activities
R93	Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities



Key lines of action for data sharing in tourism @EU level



- ✓ Code of Conduct for Data Sharing in Tourism
- ✓ Data management for destinations: the Smart Destinations pilot project
- ✓ <u>Living-in.eu</u>, by DG CNECT
- ✓ Developing new data collection on sustainable tourism (Technical Support Instrument, Eurostat Task Force)
- ✓ Pact for Skills: ensuring basic, business and specialist data skills

2023: A Digital Europe Programme project to provide the Commission with recommendations and a roadmap to design a common data space for tourism





Stay tuned. Work with us. Thank you!

Kirsti.Ala-Mutka@ec.europa.eu

Misa.Labarile@ec.europa.eu

Portuguese Tourism Initiatives



Sérgio Guerreiro Director National Ministry of Tourism of Portugal



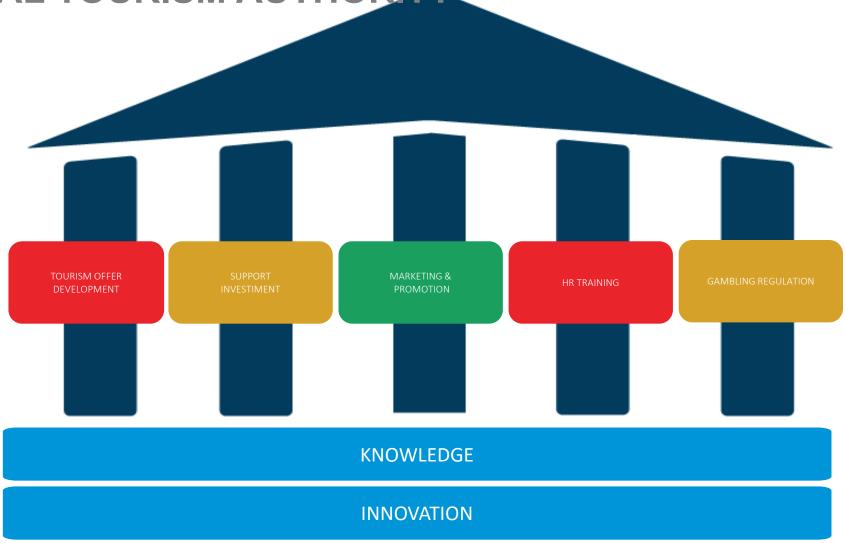


ABOUT TURISMO DE PORTUGAL





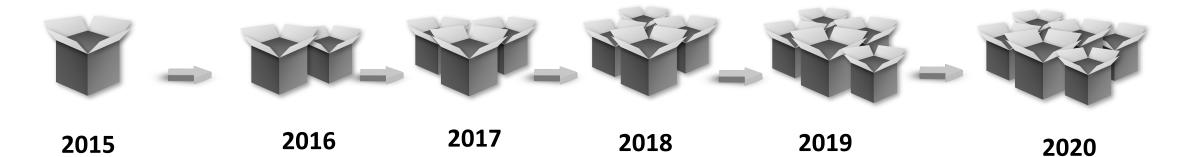
NATIONAL TOURISM AUTHORITY



10/06/2022

MONITORING DIMENSIONS

A DATA HUB | + 35 DATA SOURCES

























Phocuswright?

























TURISMO DE PORTUGAL





A DATA HUB: MIX OF OFFICIAL STATISTICS + BUSINESS DATA

OFFICIAL STATISTICS



Accommodation Border Survet Enterprises Employment TSA



Banco de Portugal

Tourism Receipts



National Registries (Supply) Surveys (Demand, Environ, Golf, Tourism Activities)







BUSINESS DATA



Air Capacity
Air Traffic and Demand



Enterprises



Spending (Bank Cards)



Airlines Data Air Demand



Mobile data (Mobility)

TURISMO DE PORTUGAL



A DATA HUB: MIX OF OFFICIAL STATISTICS + BUSINESS DATA

+100

Dashboards POWERBI

+25

Dashboards for internal use

+20

Themes

+428K +115%

Travel BI Visualizations 2020

- Reducing timing in data dissemination
- Automatic reporting market behavior
- New analysis dimensions(monthly to weekly)
- New dashboards to understand impacts (spending, employment, supply, etc.)
- Predictive data with increasing importance (confidence, reserves, demand)

TIMELINESS

NEW DIMENSIONS

FUTURE

ALMOST REAL TIME





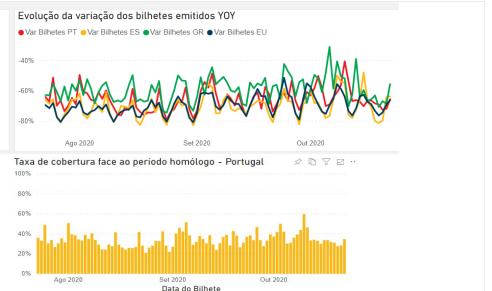
COVID-19 AS AN ACCELERATOR





NEW DATA NEEDS







MOBILITY

LOOKING FORWARD

COMPETITIVE INTELLIGENCE

ALMOST REAL-TIME INTEREST

IMPACT IN SUB-SECTORS

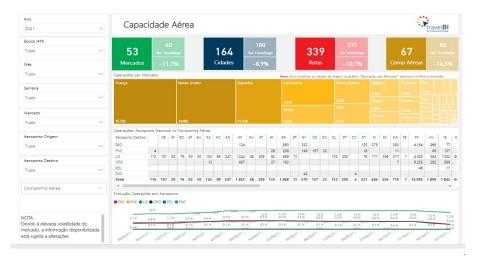
COVID-19 AS AN ACCELERATOR





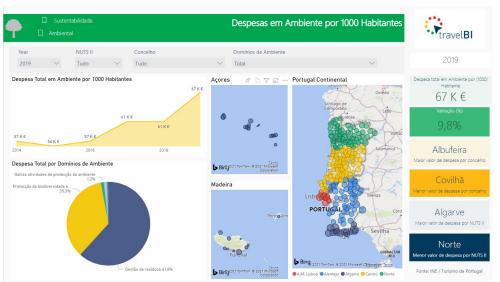
NEW DATA NEEDS













SUSTAINABILITY

Fonte: Turismo de Portugal





OLD+NEW CHALLENGES

travelBl by Turismo de Portugal



DATA AS AN ENABLER

- Understand structural challenges in the sector
- Measure sustainability (destinations + businesses)
- Upgrade of official statistics + test new data sources
- Effective use of new data sources in destination management (crowding, mobility, resources)
- From descriptive > forecast > prescriptive







European Dataspaces for Tourism: the Italian Tourism Digital Hub



Francesco Paolo Schiavo
Head of General Directorate for Valorization and
Promotion of Tourism
Italian Ministry of Tourism

TOURISM INDUSTRY: THE STRATEGIC ROLE FOR ITALY





13% CONTRIBUTION OF TRAVEL & TOURISM TO GDP (2019)

CONTRIBUTION TO TOTAL EMPLOYEMENT

AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES IN TOURISM COMPANIES



ECONOMY

- Post-Covid economic recovery/NRRP
- Circular economy
- Jobs



ENVIRONMENT

- Net-zero
- Tourism carbon-footprint



INDUSTRIES

- Hospitality
- Mobility
- Food & Restaurants
- Consumer products
- Leisure



SOCIETY

- Safety
- Governance
- Inclusion
- Accessibility
- Culture
- Geopolitics



TECHNOLOGY

- IT vendors
- Service providers
- Telco
- Mobile apps

TRANSITION **PATHWAY FOR TOURISM**

Italian Tourism ecosystem is undergoing a profound DIGITAL, GREEN and RESILIENT TRANSITION

TOURISM IN ITALY: MAIN CHALLENGES ADDRESSED BY INTEROPERABILITY





Offer fragmentation

The tourism offer is managed at regional level across the 20 Italian regions and the 2 autonomous provinces.



Digital divide and attractiveness

Wide divide in terms of digital maturity and market attractiveness, especially when comparing southern to northern parts of the country.



Seasonality and overtourism

Need to distribute tourism flows over the year and across destinations to mitigate seasonality, overtourism, and ensure inclusive growth.

How interoperability can help?

Govern the tourism offer at National level by adopting a unified approch that move beyond the regional competences

Enable compatibility across digital systems and reduce the digital divide among different public and private stakeholders

Facilitate data sharing across stakeholders in order to understand demand and promote the evolution of integrated and personalized products & services

THE ITALIAN TOURISM DIGITAL HUB



"Tourism Digital Hub aims to bridge supply and demand in a profitable fashion by engaging with all ecosystem parties involved in inbound tourism"

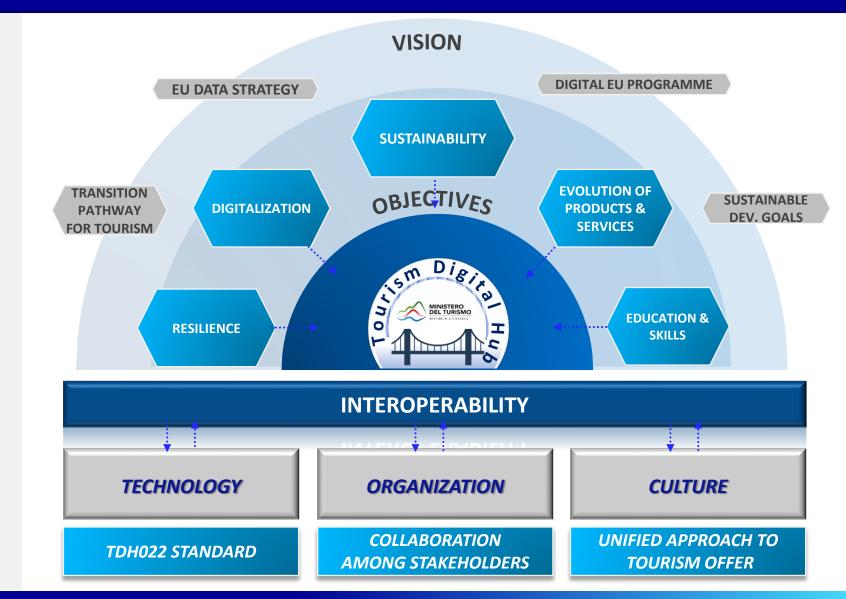


THE KEY ROLE OF INTEROPERABILITY



Steering role of the central government to implement interoperability at national level

Critical success factors for interoperability are technological, organizational and cultural



LESSONS LEARNED: FROM ITALY AND BEYOND



TECHNOLOGY



A CO-DESIGNED COMMON
INTEROPERABILITY FRAMEWORK
DRIVEN AT NATIONAL LEVEL

ORGANIZATION



SUPPORT STAKEHOLDERS TO REACH THE NECESSARY MATURITY LEVEL TO EXPLOIT THE OPPORTUNITIES OF THE DIGITAL AND GREEN TRANSITION

CULTURAL CHANGE



EMBRACE CHANGE TOWARDS A
MORE DIGITAL AND GREEN OFFER
BY LEVERAGING NEW SKILLS AND
TECHNOLOGIES



Thank you

francescopaolo.schiavo@ministeroturismo.gov.it



Greek Tourism Initiatives on Tourism Dataspace

Dr Panagiota Dionysopoulou Director General of Tourism Policy Ministry of Tourism of Greece





European Strategy for Data- EU Data Act

- > One of the driving forces for ensuring Europe's global competitiveness and data sovereignty is the adoption of the **European strategy for data**. Its objective is to make sure the EU becomes a role model and a leader for a society empowered by data.
- > The adoption by the EU of the Data Act in February 2022, was an additional measure concerning the digital transformation, objective of the Digital Decade.
- ➤ **Key objective:** to maximize the value of data in the economy by ensuring that a wider range of stakeholders gain control over their data and that more data is available for innovative use, while preserving incentives to invest in data generation.

European Data Economy Strategy



- The value of the EU data economy was more than € 285 billion in 2015, representing over 1.94 % of the EU GDP.
- Adoption of the Communication 'Towards a common European data space' in April 2018.
- A package of measures as a key step towards the creation of a common data space in the EU, a seamless digital area with the scale that will enable the development of new products and services based on data.
- Data, as a key source of innovation and growth, from different sectors, countries and disciplines.

Greek Tourism Initiatives on Tourism Dataspace



- > National Observatory for Sustainable Tourism Development.
- > Tourism Satellite Account.
- > Research and Monitoring Centre for Coastal and Maritime Tourism in the Mediterranean.
- > Surveys on thematic forms of tourism: yachting and mountain tourism and a research on specific source markets: Australia.
- Project: «Greek Application of Big Data Analytics in Smart Tourism».
- > LIFE-IP AdaptInGR project: Cooperation with the Ministry of Environment and Energy on climate change.

National Observatory for Sustainable Tourism Development



• The Directorate of Research of the Ministry of Tourism is the competent one for the support of the National Observatory and also responsible for the coordination of the administrative Depts. within the Ministry and the co competent stakeholders for its operation.

□ **Key task:** to make use of the data and the findings of the Tourism Satellite Account, to explore profoundly the tourism market aiming to support evidence-based interventions and to propose targeted measures in order to promote all the thematic aspects of the domestic tourism product.

National Observatory for Sustainable Tourism Development



✓ **Mission:** to highlight the comparative advantages of tourism destinations, to further strengthen the positive economic results of tourism to the national GDP, while respecting the rich natural and cultural heritage of the destinations, contributing to the development of local communities and always in accordance with the SDGs of UN Agenda 2030.

✓ Outcomes:

- An Annual Tourism Sustainability Report will be published, in which the opportunities inter alia-of sustainable tourism development will be presented.
- A digital platform and site will be created displaying the sustainable tourism indicators.
- Through MOUs with the correspondent data providers, a strong network will be built, in terms of mutual cooperation and at a continuous, constant basis, in order to regularly update the database.

Research and Monitoring Centre for Coastal and Maritime Tourism in the Mediterranean





The need



The obstacle



Our goals

To monitor the sustainable development of coastal and maritime tourism.

- a lack of timely and comparable data at the coastal spatial scale.
- at destinations and at travel.

To develop a coherent methodological framework for measuring sustainability in coastal and maritime tourism.

To provide relevant, timely and reliable data on a regular basis.

To address issues related to insularity.

To provide policy recommendations, both generic and place specific.

To improve capacity building.

Research and Monitoring Centre for Coastal and Maritime Tourism in the Mediterranean



1. Ongoing discussions with the University of the Aegean to establish a methodological standard.

2. Discussions with CLIA.

3. Work with our country partners on common principles – a white paper.

4. Pilot studies to fine tune the methodological standard (place-based approach) – in cooperation with Academic institutions proposed by our Med partners.

Tourism Satellite Account



- Compilation of the 1-10 TSA Tables.
- Cooperation with Hellenic Statistical Authority- Memorandum of Understanding.
- Cooperation with DG Reform- Technical Assistance Instrument.
- Funding through PA 2014-2020.

Surveys on thematic forms of tourism: yachting and mountain tourism



- Two surveys on thematic tourism: mountain tourism and yachting.
- Periodic frequency.
- * Key objective: collection and monitoring of the quantitative data on these specific forms.
- Adjust our Strategy on sustainable tourism development accordingly.

Research on specific source market: Australia



❖ The Ministry of Tourism of Greece is currently conducting a research to explore the profile and travel preferences of the Greek Australian community.

An online survey is being developed and members of the Greek Australian Community and Greek Australian businesses active in the tourism sector will be requested to contribute their perspectives by completing an online questionnaire in the near future.

Project: «Greek Application of Big Data Analytics in Smart Tourism»



❖Interreg V-B «Mediterranean (MED) 2014-2020».

Project: «Greek Application of Big Data Analytics in Smart Tourism».

*Key task: the development of a digital tool that will support an evidence based policy in order to promote Greece as a smart tourist destination. Turn the Ministry of Tourism into an Info Hub at national and regional level.

Project: LIFE-IP AdaptInGR project



LIFE-IP AdaptInGR project.

Cooperation with the Ministry of Environment and Energy.

❖Key mission: development of the national system for monitoring and evaluating Greece's adaptation to climate change. In this context, a set of indicators has been developed, for monitoring the adaptation of climate change in the tourism sector.



Thank you!

Dr. Panagiota Dionysopoulou

Director General of Tourism Policy, Ministry of Tourism of Greece

Email: <u>dionysopoulou p@mintour.gr</u>



Greek Tourism Initiatives on Tourism Dataspace

Stavroula Kefala Head Directorate of Research, Ministry of Tourism

To help drive the local economy throughout France



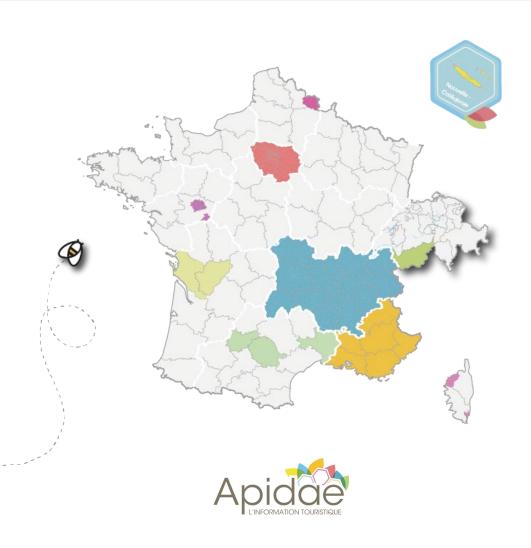




Karine Feige, CEO, Apidae Tourisme Scic SA Member of Eona-X

Creating data makes the cost \Leftrightarrow using data makes the value





- A single database for all members (600 destinations)
- Tourist data only (411 000 POI)
- Used by every members to ...
 - Build the destination brand
 - Welcome and inform tourists and residents about the destination
 - Federate and organize relationship between local actors
- 3 100 projects and uses in progress (web site, Data exchanges ...)

Benefits of joining EONA-X



 Unique and efficient data catalog thanks to the quality of its information (coming in real time from the source) and the consistency of the data formats



 Facilitator to integrate new standards and provide data to National Access Points

- Ideal springboard to build European use cases of multimodal travel integrating both variables related to travel conditions (disruptions, schedules,...) and tourists needs (reduced mobility, points of interest upon arrival,...)
- Technical and contractual simplification for the transition from idea to innovation around data sharing between European tourism actors
- Reduce to affordable costs the connecting efforts for tourism players

Challenge: continue to federate local actors to keep the economy



- Fight against the dispersion of information due to the proliferation of business platforms for professionals
 - Do business and share data with those platforms to offer a complementary service alongside us (#ecosystem)
 - They are even part of our cooperative society (investor)
- Increase the mutual value of our data by appreciating the different nature of the data and sources
 - Relied on the capacity to create a data exchange format to simplify link and transactions (#FocusOnAgreements)
 - This new value must be fairly share, among the stakeholders
- Make useful and high value uses, for the tourist as well as for the locals
 - create an environment that fosters opportunities for new uses and new connections.
 - This is the meaning of the association with Eona-X.
 Together we are building destinations brands throughout in France

As a conclusion for Apidae Tourisme Scic SA



• Our ambition: to help drive the local economy throughout France

• Our strategy: to multiply exchange opportunities between local actors, to provide the means to circulate data and to imagine use cases

 Gaia-X and Eona-X act as a gas pedal in the implementation of this strategy which is consistent with our core values



We thank you for your support!

Karine.feige@apidae-tourisme.com

Overview of the Gaia-X Tourism dataspace landscape in Europe. Mastercard.



Petr Zlamalik
Director Government and Public Services, Advisors Business
Mastercard



Destination Data Platform: "A New Normal"

An example from Goteborg, Sweden

June 9, 2022

Petr Zlamalik, Director, Government and Public Services, Advisors Business Development



MASTERCARD WORKS CLOSELY WITH EUROPEAN TOURISM LEADERS TO SUPPORT RECOVERY



MORT starts using the digital platform "Tourism Insight"

Share Montenegro @ 30/09/2020

Prague City Tourism and partners are launching a new campaign. The capital wants to attract a more upmarket clientele

Mastercard Supports POT in Drawing Tourists Back to Poland

gaia-x

Goteborg & Co has a goal to create joint Destination Data Platform (DDP) for the visitor industry, and to facilitate the post-pandemic recovery

Rationale for the platform

- Bring together various data linked to tourism
- Analyze data sets
- Provide decision-making information for future investments and initiatives

Benefits for Goteborg

- Support digital development of Gothenburg's visitor industry
- Clearer insights and better decision-making support
- Driving greater opportunities for a stable, sustainable post-pandemic recovery

Critical components and Success factors

- Create and develop a **joint destination data platform**, in which visitor data is gathered, anonymized, segmented and processed
- Provide greater **insights and knowledge on visitors to the city** and the visitor industry's stakeholders
- Establish the right conditions for **research**, **development and innovation** within the visitor industry

Goal of DDP is to both drive growth & support education and development of tourism sector within destination

Objectives

To both **drive growth & support education** and **development of tourism** sector

In order to achieve the this, we need to:

- Understand the market:
 - Trends
 - Tourism flows (markets, segments)
 - Tourist behavior (spend, length of stay, frequency)
- Maximize marketing efforts:
 - Markets and segments to be prioritized
 - Best approach to attract visitors
 - Optimization of resources allocation
- Increase visitors stays and spends
 - Enhance visitor experience
 - Optimize investment for seasonal & in-journey traffic
- Maximize positive economic, social and environmental impact
 - Benefits to help local businesses / SMEs

DDF

Content aggregator of data, that drives insights around visitors spend behavior and behavior at destination

What

- Access to cloud-based data and insights
- Data is obtained from different sources (Mastercard, Google, data donors...) covering the traveler journey (search, booking, spend and sharing)

How

 Insights are customized according to client's needs (Country, region, city, competing destinations benchmarks)

Output

- Answer to key tourism questions (market trends, marketing ROI, travelers stay and spend, etc.)
- Customized traveler insights integrating multiple data sources

Key differential characteristics

- Be the **new European Standard** calculating tourism impact
- **Granular insights** on segments
- **Up-to date info** from different sources
- Enables partners to **donate data**, and get insights about the visitor outside their own operations
- Focused on a sustainable tourism (economic, environmental and social)
- Behavior spend and behavior at destination
- **GDPR Compliant**
- New business opportunities
- within public and private sector
- Stimulate **Digi-Physical tourism**

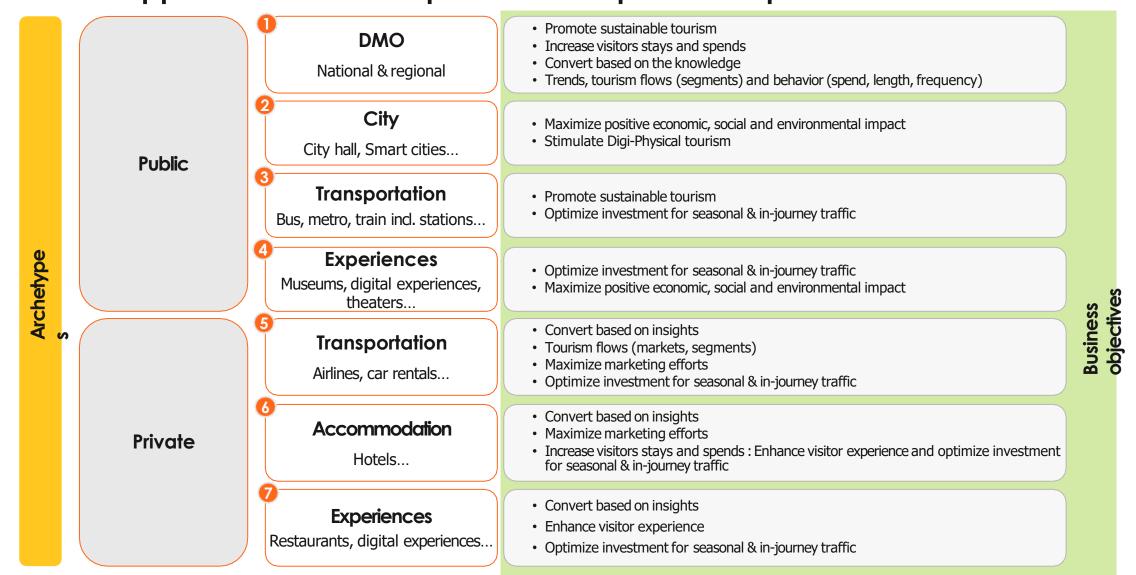
mastercard

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for

WHY?

Key business objectives slightly differ across multiple stakeholder archetypes, but overall aim is to support Tourism development across public and private sector



Thank you

Petr Zlamalik

Director
Government and Public Services

Advisors Business Development, Mastercard

petr.zlamalik@mastercard.com





Keynote: The European Tourism Landscape & its digitalisation.



Maribel Rodríguez Senior Vice President WTTC





The European Tourism Landscape & its Digitalization

Maribel Rodríguez SVP, Membership Commercial & Events WTTC













@WTandC



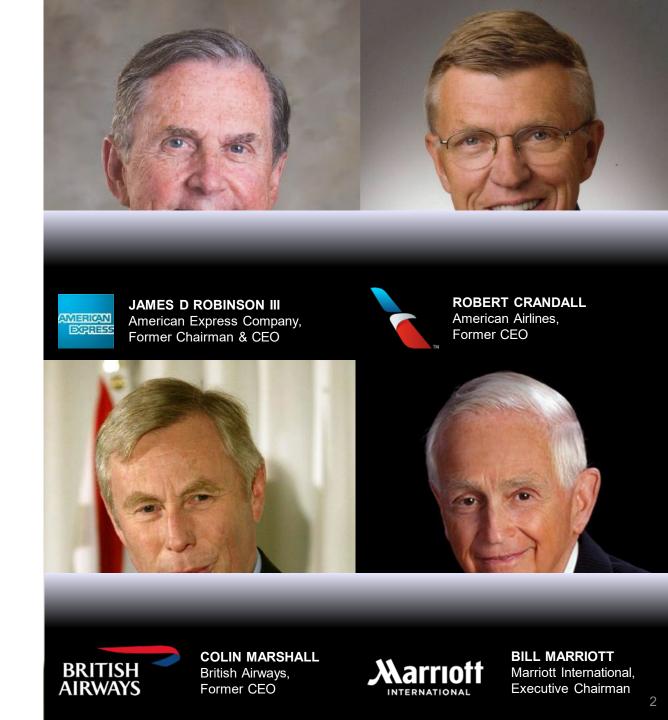
The Authority on World Travel & Tourism

The body representing the global Travel & Tourism private sector

For 30 years we have been quantifying the impact of Travel & Tourism in 185 countries in our Research

Our goals include highlighting:

- Economic value of Travel & Tourism
- Fair economic policies for the sector
- Long-term, sustainable growth





Airports

Airlines

Cruise

Destinations

Tour Operators

Travel Companies

OTAs

GDS

Car Rental

Hotels

Digital Players

Travel Services

CARNIVAL CORPORATION Arnold Donald President & CEO



HILTON Christopher J Nassetta President & CEO



INTERCONTINENTAL **HOTELS GROUP** Keith Barr CEO



VALUE RETAIL Desirée Bollier



INTREPID GROUP Darrell Wade Co-Founder & Chairman



TUI GROUP Friedrich Joussen CEO



MSC CRUISES Pierfrancesco Vago **Executive Chairman**



ROYAL CARRIBEAN CRUISES Jason Liberty President & CEO



RADISSON HOTEL GROUP Federico J.González CEO



AMERICAN EXPRESS EUROPEAN TRAVEL **COMPANY** Glenda McNeal President, Enterprise Strategic Partnerships



COMMISSION Luis Araújo President



DUBAI AIRPORTS Paul Griffith CEO



SANDALS RESORTS Adam Stewart **Executive Chairman**



Gilda Perez-Alvarado Global CEO, Hotels & Hospitality



ATOUT FRANCE Caroline Leboucher Directrice générale / CEO



VIRTUOSO Matthew Upchurch President & CEO



CWT Patrick Andersen



TURESPAÑA Miguel Sanz **Director General**

Our Focus



Strategic framework: Beyond COVID-19 / New Era of Travel

WTTC will focus beyond the COVID-19 recovery to support a sector that will emerge stronger and thrive.

To best serve its membership the WTTC team will innovate, diversify and look into future challenges and opportunities to ensure a brighter, more inclusive, resilient and sustainable future for Travel & Tourism.

Travel & Mobility

Travel through borders is safe, quick and easy. Removal of restrictions and barriers.

- Biometrics
- Visa facilitation
- Cyber resilience
- Digital passes and passports
- Digital immigration systems

Sustainable Future

Preserve the environment and reduce the sector's carbon footprint, while maximising T&T's social impact.

- Net Zero T&T
- Biodiversity
- Circularity
- Destination readiness and stewardship
- Future of work
- Inclusion and diversity

Digital Transformation

T&T's leading innovation in our sector.

- Future Travel
 - Supersonic air travel
 - Mobility and Urban air transport
 - Driverless
 - Space Ports and Tourism
- Technology Enablers
 - Artificial intelligence
 - Metaverse & virtual business
 - 5G



Forecast: Global T&T GDP Recovery





2019

9.6TN USD

2020

4.8TN USD

-50.4% (YOY)

2021

5.8TN USD

+21.7% (YOY)

2022 Forecast

8.35TN

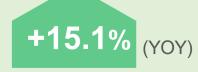


USD

(-13.3% vs. 2019)

2023 Forecast

9.6TN



USD

(Return to 2019 level)

Forecast: Employment



Total T&T Jobs

2019

333MN

Jobs

2020

271MN

Jobs

-18.6% (YOY)

2021

Current Trajectory:

289MNJobs

+6.7%

(YOY)

2022 Forecast

300MN

+3.5%

Jobs

(-10.1% vs. 2019)

2023 Forecast

324MN

+8.2%

Jobs

(-2.7% vs. 2019)

Economic Impact Timeline

2022-2032



2022-2032 key facts:

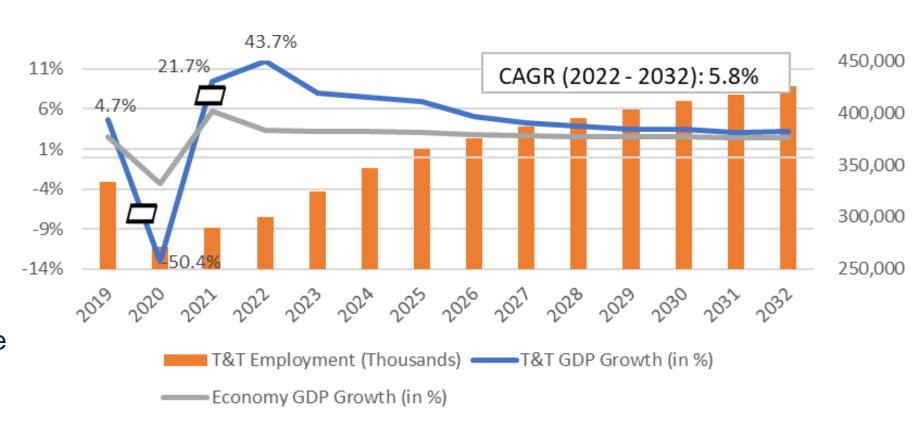
126 million new jobs

+5.8%

Average Annual Growth (T&T GDP)
Vs

+2.7%

Global Economy GDP average annual growth rate



Europe – key figures



2019	2020	2021
Total contribution of Travel & To	urism to GDP:	
9.2% of Total Economy EUR 1,944.7BN (USD 2,141.4BN)	5.2% of Total Economy EUR 1,029.1BN (USD 1,133.2BN) Change: -47.1% Economy change: -5.7%	6.2% of Total Economy EUR 1,316.9BN (USD 1,450.1BN) Change: +28.0% Economy change: +5.7%
Total contribution of Travel & To	urism to Employment:	

37.82_{MN} 9.9% of total jobs

33.08_{MN}

8.8% of total jobs

Change: -12.5%

34.65_{MN}

9.1% of total jobs Change: +4.7%

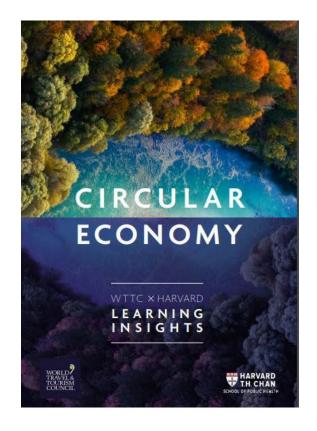
Importance of data in travel and tourism

- Information in T&T is invaluable.
- Necessary collaboration between different stakeholders.
- WTTC collaborates with our members to offer answers about relevant topics in the sector, sharing data and knowledge with the most important expert organizations.
- WTTC develops reports and studies to share added value to our sector counting with our members insights and industry leaders.
- Governments use our data for policy decision making.

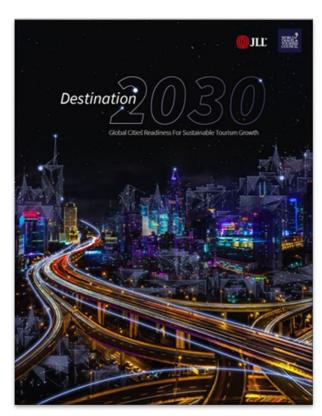


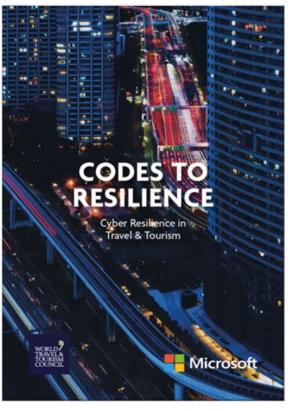
WTTC Reports - Research











Digital Travel Portal Report



Simple, digital, one-stop-shop solution to complete traveller checks 'pre-travel' and 'off-airport'



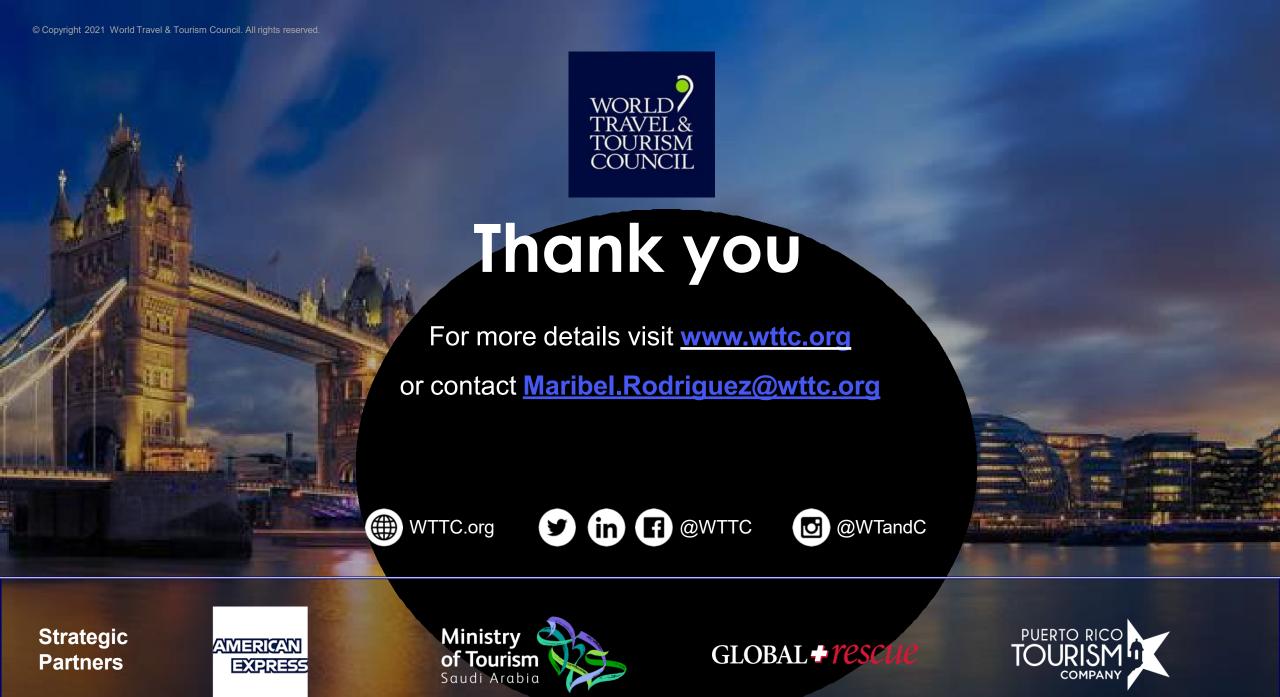












Pillars of a Tourism data space: Architecture & Platforms



Dr Alberto Palomo
State Secretariat for Digitalization and Artificial Intelligence/CDO Spanish Government
Governmental Advisory Board of Gaia-X AISBL

What do we understand a Data Space is?



A Data Space can be understood as any place where data-sharing takes place



GOAL

Structures that provide security & trust for voluntary data-sharing at scale across federated participants

Based on common technological & governance mechanisms

- □ Data-sharing is critical for the *Data Economy*
- □ Need a guarantee of sustainability & resilience

Design principles for data spaces

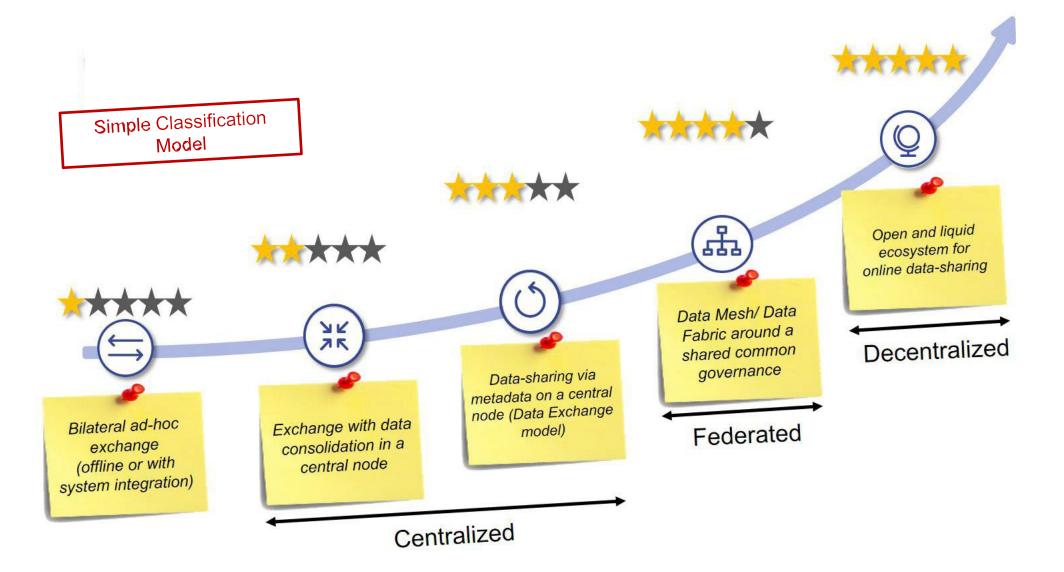


Data sovereignty	Capabillities for self-determination of owned/ managed data assets
Levelled playing field	No barriers of entry in a data space because of monopolistic situations
Decentralized soft infraestructure	The common infrastrucure is the collection of various interoperable data spaces Based on unnoticeable technology-neutral capabilities that fulfill functional & non-functional requirements such as findability, interoperability, portability, security, privacy, trustworthiness
Public-private governance	All stakeholders should feel represented and engaged Key for massive adoption

^(*) Open DEI 'Design Principles for Data Spaces'

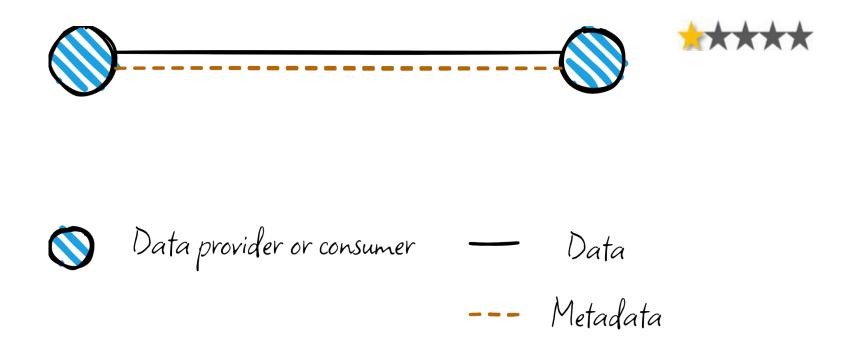
Degree of federation in datasharing models





Bilateral Data-sharing

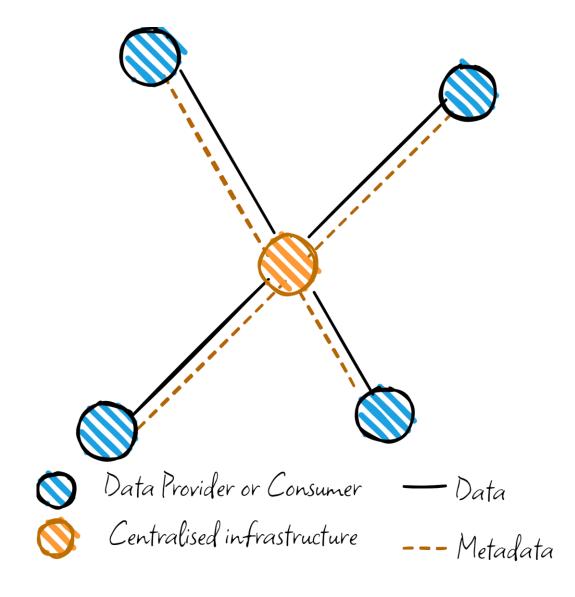




Participants know each other, and share data without intermediaries

Centralized Node





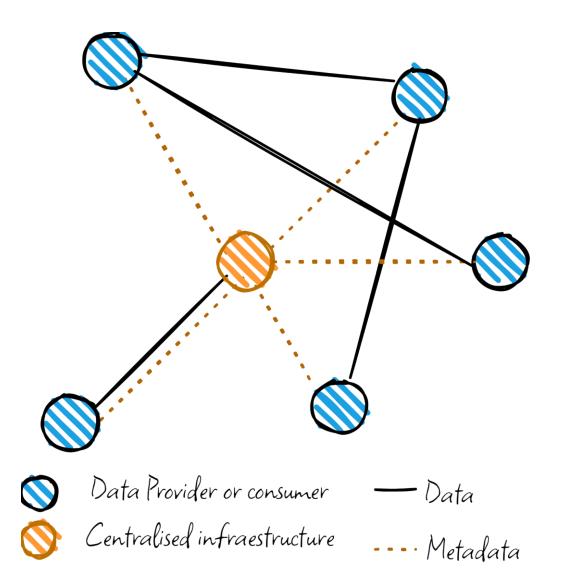


Data is transferred to a central repository, where it can be exploited by various participants

A Data Lake architecture (also a Lakehouse's)

Data Hub/ Marketplace







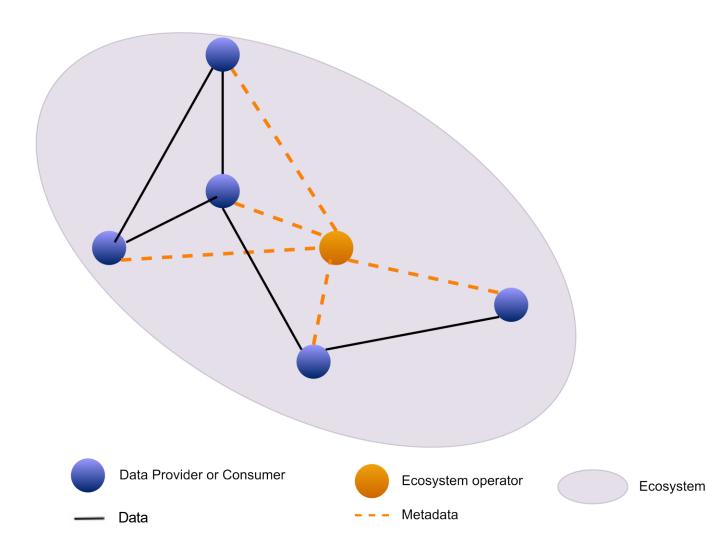
A central infrastructure offers a catalog + connects data providers/ consumers (that may or may not know each other previously).

Data may be downloaded from a hub, or transferred peer-to-peer

There is a data space operator responsable for the overall governance

Federated Data Ecosystem





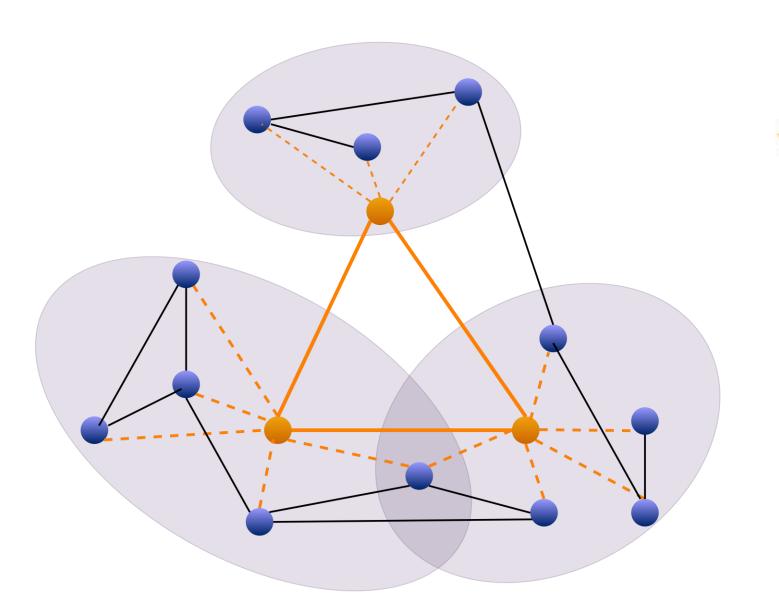


Federated network of autonomous participants:

- Interoperable technology
- Multi-vendor data services
- Open Source Software
- Public-private governance

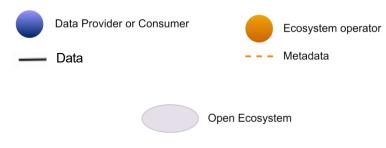
Ecosystem of Ecosystems (Data Spaces)





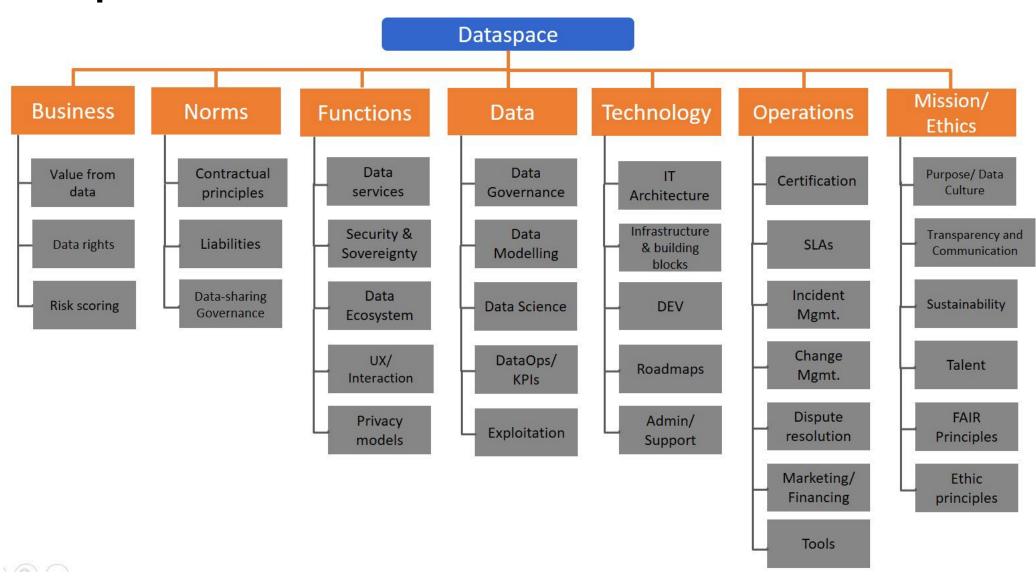


Decentralized network of interoperable data spaces



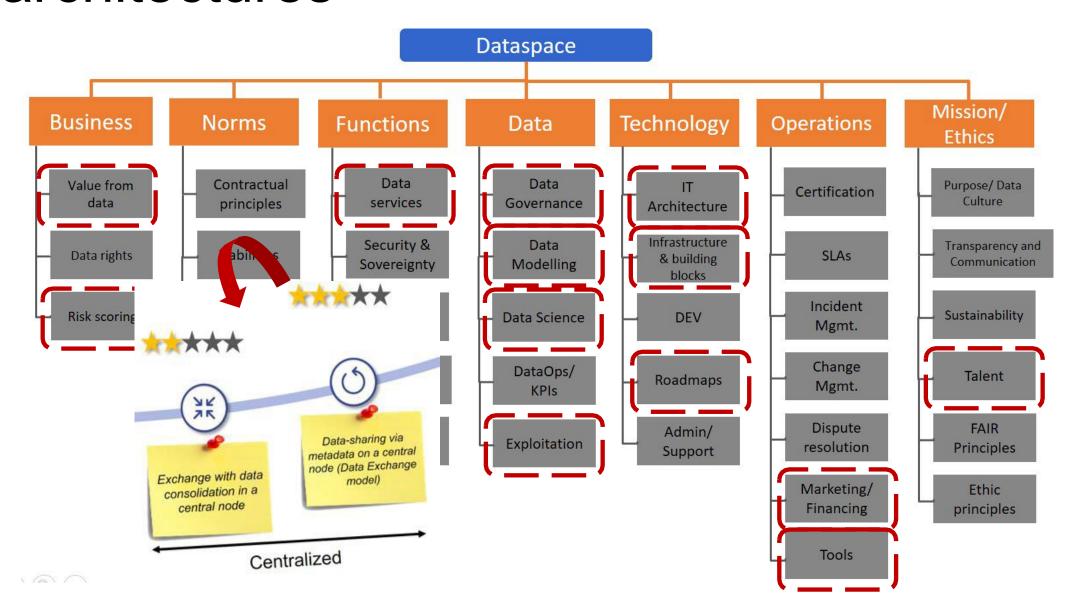
Dimensions in data-sharing and exploitation





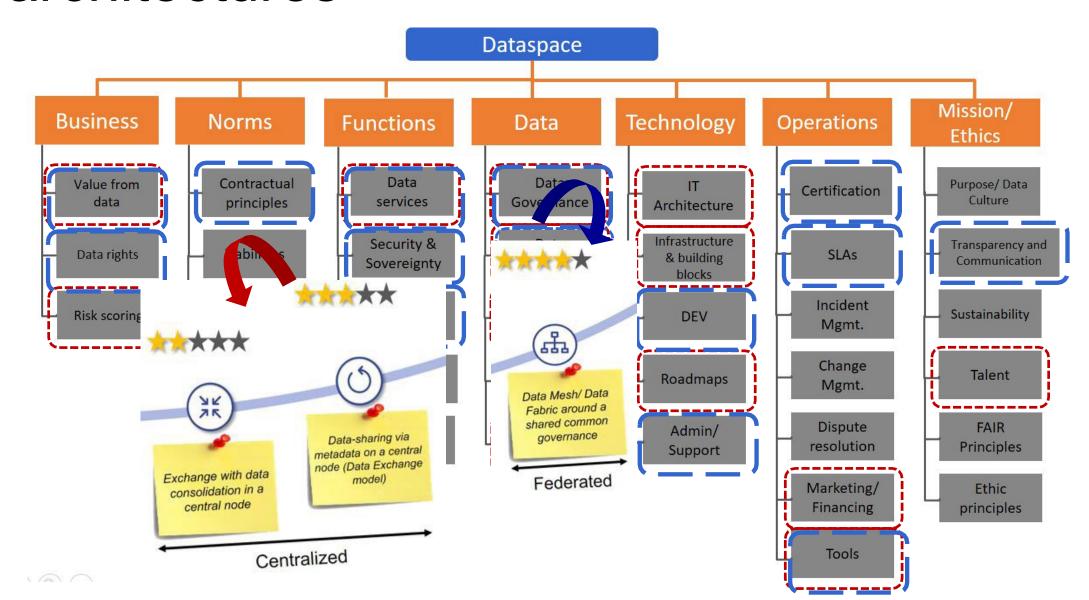
Mapping data-sharing criteria to architectures





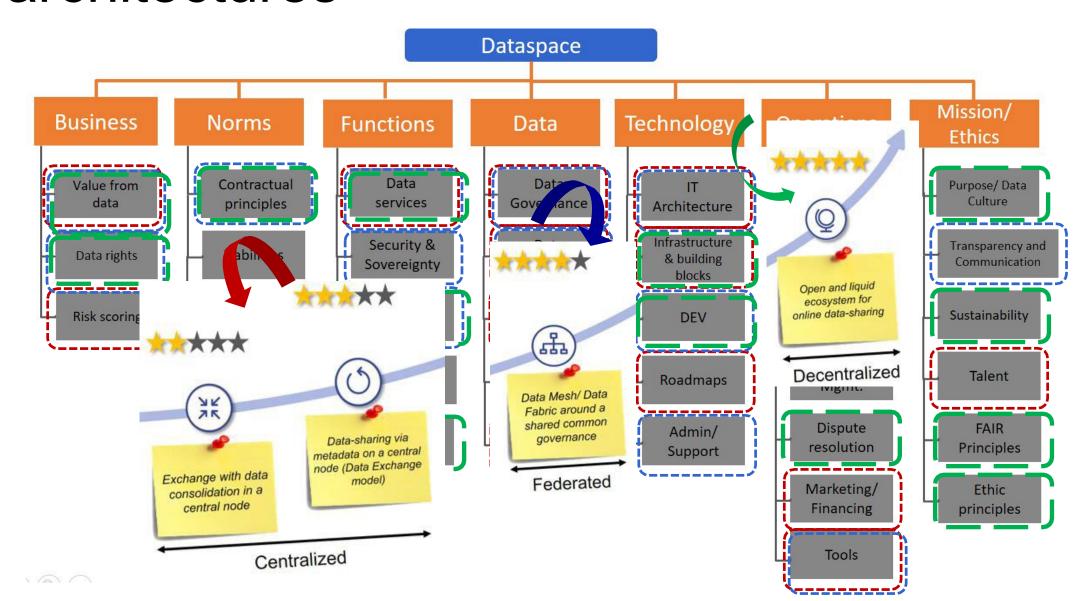
Mapping data-sharing criteria to architectures





Mapping data-sharing criteria to architectures





THANK YOU

oficina.dato@economia.gob.es

Setting up a roadmap





Jean-François Cases



Amadeus Vice-President-Associate General Counsel Intangibles, Data Value and R&D

EONA-X President, Mobility, Transport & Tourism Data Space

Roadmap setup



Governance

Use cases

Technology

Strategy

Marketing / Communication



Finance / Business Model

Compliance

https://eona-x.eu

Sharing EONA-X story Learnings



Major challenges successfully met!



Early 2021, European representatives from the global Mobility, Transport and Tourism market start working together on this project.



5 founding members (ADP, AF KLM, AMADEUS, AMP, SNCF) joined by the first active member, APIDAE, created a non-profit association to promote sharing data, in compliance with European rules in the Gaia-x momentum.

1st use case: multimodality

2021: delivery of the first version of the prototype



1/« Preparatory actions for the data space for mobility» with Acatech

2/« Preparatory actions for the data space for tourism» with Anysolutions / Tecnalia



... and what is going on now











Development of a catalog to present the available data that members wish to exchange





Data consumer identity control and contracts





Integration of new members in the association in France and Europe

2022





Delivery of the second version of the platform

2022



Definition of Tourism driven Use Cases: e.g., eCorridor

2022

https://eona-x.eu

amadeus

















Eona-x.eu



Regulation, a critical enabler and pillar of a tourism data space





Eric Pol, Chairman, aNewGovernance



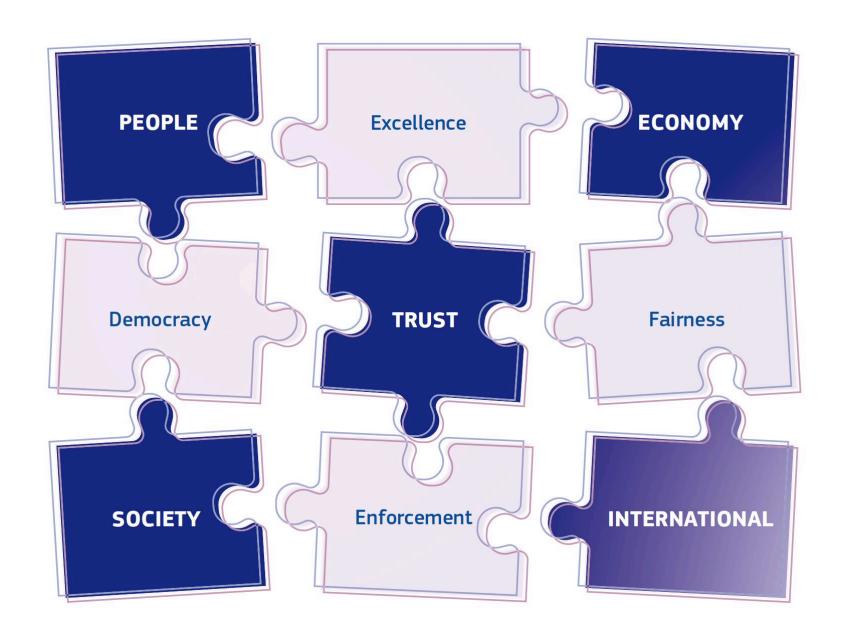
















Data Governance Act

Data Act

EU DATA STRATEGY

Digital Services Act

Digital Markets Act

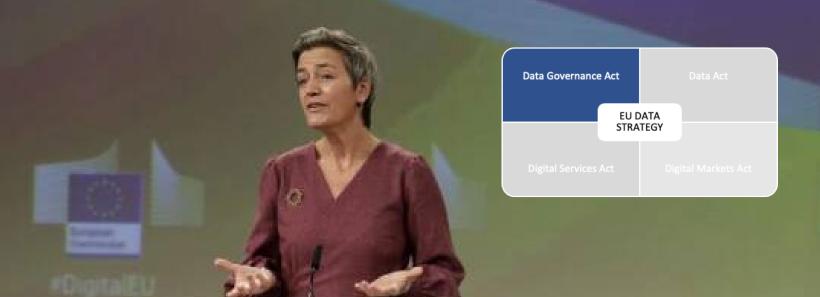




EUROPEAN DATA GUVEKNANCE

"This Regulation is a first building block for establishing a solid and fair data-driven economy. It is about setting up the right conditions for trustful data sharing in line with our European values and fundamental rights. We are creating a safe environment in which data can be shared across sectors and Member States for the benefit of society and the economy." Margrethe Vestager,

European Commission Executive Vice-President, A Europe Fit for the Digital Age











Facilitates data sharing across sectors and Member States, Creates wealth for society, Provides control to citizens and trust to companies.

The Data Governance Act enables the EU to boost the development of trustworthy data-sharing systems:

- Empower Europeans to decide what happens to their data, and what data they would like to share with whom.
- Facilitate data altruism to make it easier and safer for companies and individuals to voluntarily make their data available for the benefit of society.
- Enhance the reuse of public sector data that cannot be made available as open data.
- Create new EU rules on neutrality to allow novel data intermediaries to function as trustworthy organisers of data sharing.
- Set up a European Data Innovation Board to steer data governance and prioritise standards.

Data access and reuse can:

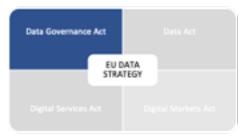
- generate social and economic benefits of 1% to 2.5% of GDP
- increase the annual economic value of data sharing by up to €7-11 billion by 2028
- have a wider impact on the EU economy and society as a whole











Pillars

- The Act encourages wider re-use of data held by the public sector bodies, including personal data through (tech mentioned: differential privacy and creation of synthetic data)
- Licensing regime "data intermediaries". to ensure their independence and restrict their re-use of data and metadata. The requirements will affect those offering data marketplaces and (possibly) consent management platforms. Threat for Ad-tech companies.
- Data altruism encouraged to facilitate access to more quality data for Research.
- Restriction of transfers of non-personal data to third countries. Data intermediaries will need to
 assess if third countries offer appropriate protections for non-personal data.







Intermediation

- Chapter III encourage a new market in neutral data intermediation services. This is on the basis that, "specialised data intermediation services that are independent from data subjects and data holders], and from data users could have a facilitating role in the emergence of new data-driven ecosystems...".
- Data intermediation services are services which aim to establish commercial relationships, for the purpose of data sharing, between an
 indeterminate number of data holders (or data subjects) and data users. These commercial relationships could be established through
 technical, legal or other means. The concept is limited to pure facilitation of data sharing. Browsers and email service providers and account
 information service providers under the PSD2 Directive are also excluded. However, data marketplaces are specifically mentioned as a type
 of intermediation service.
- Intermediation services could also include services set up to intermediate between data subjects who want to make their personal data
 available, and data users who want to use such personal data. But service provider offering services to data subjects must "act in their best
 interests" when facilitating the exercise of their rights, in particular in providing information about the intended uses of data (and any uses
 of consented data outside the EU). The Act also anticipates the creation of specialised forms of data intermediaries, "data co-operatives",
 which are in effect owned by the data subjects they represent and whose principal objective is to support data subjects in exercising
 their rights.
- Upcoming Commission logo informing "provider of data intermediation services recognised in the Union".
- Art.11: ensuring independence. Intermediation services have to be offered by a separate legal person (i.e. not offering other services);
 separate use of the data is prohibited; pricing cannot be linked to take up of other services; metadata about service use cannot be used for other purposes (but prevention of fraud/ cyber risk and service development is acceptable)
- Data intermediation services will be new types of services, tied to yet-to-exist developments in the data economy. However, it seems
 possible that many existing organisations may be offering data intermediation services.







European Data Innovation Board, compliance and enforcement

- European Data Innovation Board, made up of a group of experts in the field, will be created. The Board should consist of representatives of the Member States, the Commission and relevant data spaces and specific sectors (such as health, agriculture, transport and statistics). The European Data Protection Board should be invited to appoint a representative.
- Member States must designate one or more competent authorities to administer the register of data altruism organisations and of data intermediaries and to enforce the legislation. These designated competent authorities must coordinate with other authorities that may have an interest, such as data protection authorities, national competition authorities, cybersecurity authorities and other relevant sectoral authorities.
- Article 31 of the Act states that fines are to be set and implemented by each Member State. Unlike the GDPR, the Act does not prescribe the specific amounts and weighting factors applicable to the corresponding monetary sanctions.
- A Data Space Support Centre will... support, but also help identify and generate synergies between Data Spaces, agregate or develop Building Blocks and produce/evaluate Blueprints.





"We want to give consumers and companies even more control over what can be done with their data, clarifying who can access data and on what terms. This is a key Digital Principle that will contribute to creating a solid and fair data-driven economy and guide the Digital transformation by 2030."

Margrethe Vestager, European Commission Executive Vice-President, A Europe Fit for the Digital Age











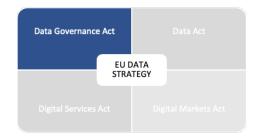
Clarifies who can create value from data

- Lack of clarity regarding who can use and access data data generated by connected products, the fact that SMEs are frequently not in a position to negotiate balanced data-sharing agreements with stronger market players, barriers to switching between competitive and trustworthy cloud and edge services in the EU, and the limited ability to combine data emanating from different sectors. This affects a range of economic sectors and leads to an underutilisation of data at EU level, with negative consequences for consumer choice, innovation and public service delivery.
- Remove barriers to access data, for both private and public sector bodies,
- · Preserves incentives to invest in data generation by ensuring a balanced control over the data for its creators,
- · Unlock the value of data generated by connected objects in Europe, one of the key areas for innovation,
- New rules will empower consumers and companies by giving them a say on what can be done with the data generated by their connected products,
- Possibility to transfer data to and between service providers. This should encourage more actors, including SMEs, to participate in the data economy.

SUMMARY







- Sets regulation framework and governance for all Data Spaces
- Introduces level-playing field and neutrality through Data Intermediaries
- Enables scale up with the industry (incumbents and new comers) through the Data Innovation Board



- Establishes the cornerstone to new business models and legal model of Data Spaces
- Governance aspects are more focused, and introduce the first framework, data access





Industry Players

- Take back control of digital distribution channels in the face of GAFAM, Booking and others (including for small, poorly referenced local players)
- Regain some of the lost margins
- Offer a seamless end-to-end user experience
- Create interoperability and innovative use cases inc. Bundling
- Controlled monetization of data with equitable distribution of value among players
- Develop new sustainable offering and revenue streams

- Seamless and enriched end-to-end user experience
- High degree of personalization
- vs. heavy advertising
- Means of controlling data circulation (based on GDPR consent)

Ppublic actors

- Seamless user experience for the citizen, usage statistics from shared data (without going through GAFAM), use of certified state data
- Large-scale usage statistics
- Improve territorial approach (Stay/Live/Move + synergies with smaller actors and heritage sites)



Thank you!

Eric Pol

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EU Code of Conduct for data sharing in tourism



Emmanuel Mounier Secretary General EUTravelTech

Why do we need data sharing?





State of play of tourism data sharing



Highly complex and interconnected landscape



Lack of efficient data use



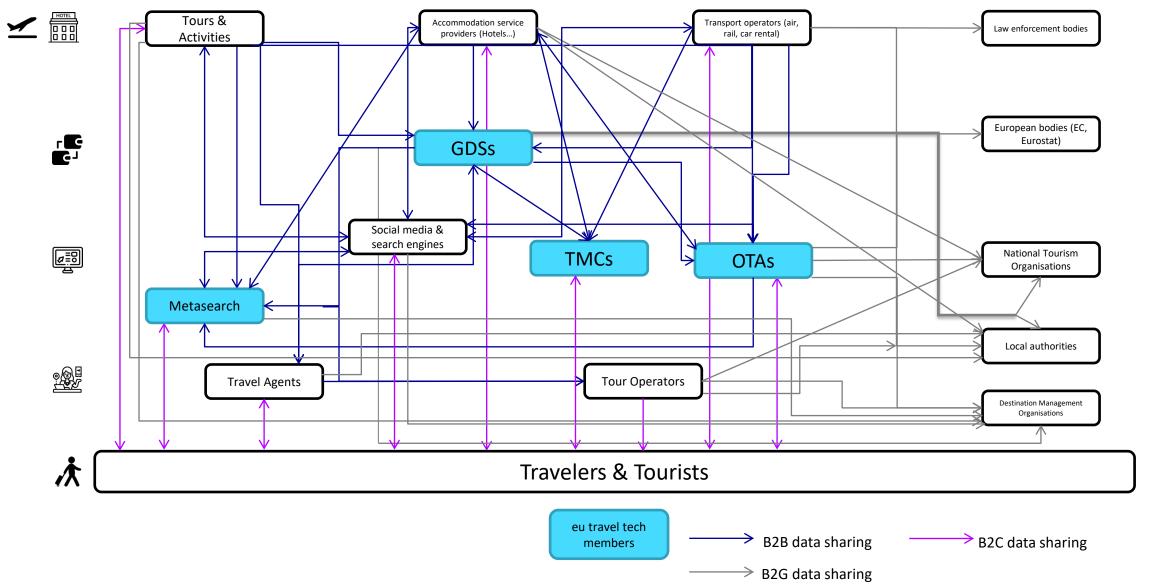
Lack of sector-wide principles and governance



Unrealized opportunities

Data sharing in the tourism ecosystem





Tourism data sharing Code of Conduct



Sector-led Drafting Committee

Cities
Eurocities is the network of
major European cities









Travel agents

ECTAA is the organization of Europe's travel agents and tour operators





Tech

eu travel tech represents the travel technology businesses and platforms

What have we done so far?



The Drafting Committee has achieved:



First draft of the Code of Conduct



Consideration for institutional expertise

Ongoing work:



Ongoing expert/stakeholder consultation

The Code of Conduct is an initiative designed for the entire EU tourism ecosystem and will thus be open for participation and endorsements.

Code of Conduct – Outline



- 1 Introduction
- Goals & Objectives of the Code of Conduct
- 3 Definitions
- 4 Set of common principles for data sharing
- ⁵ Case studies and toolboxes
- 6 Overview of EU regulatory framework

General objectives of the Code of Conduct





Building trust between relevant parties to facilitate voluntary data sharing



Contributing to an EU-wide architecture for data exchange through common principles for tourism stakeholders



Ensure a level playing field for data-sharing



Elements addressed (I)

ွိတ္ဆိ	Interoperability	Actors shall aim at facilitating data interoperability
0	Data usage rights	Clear definition of access and usage rights of each party to the contract: data originator shall be able to determine who can access and use its data
	Remuneration	Data originator's right to benefit from or be compensated for the use of data it generated, under FRAND conditions
	Liability	Data originator's liability in case of damage arising from and/or connected to the receipt and/or use of its data (e.g. processing, analysis, enriching)
117	Competition	Need to ensure a level playing field among all operators, avoid unfair data advantages and free-riding





Â	Privacy	CoC focuses on non-personal data sharing. Application of existing privacy legislation whenever personal data may anyhow be involved.
	Security	Need to ensure the highest feasible degree of security through a security architecture taking into account the degree of sensitivity of shared data. Protection against loss, theft, unauthorized access and alteration.
	Data limitation principle	Clear definition of data covered by the agreement. Purpose and time limitation of the access and use of the data.
<u></u>	Intellectual Property	No infringement of IPRs: trademarks, protected designs, copyright, patents, trade secrets.
	Quality	Quality of data should be preserved: integrity, authenticity, consistency and accuracy.



Thank you!

emounier@eutraveltech.eu